

Sage People

Absence Reporting

This mini guide contains examples of commonly used absence reports and provides guidance on how to build them. The mini guide covers:

- How to report on org-wide absence
- How to identify absence trends
- How to report on the number of sickness days taken in any given month



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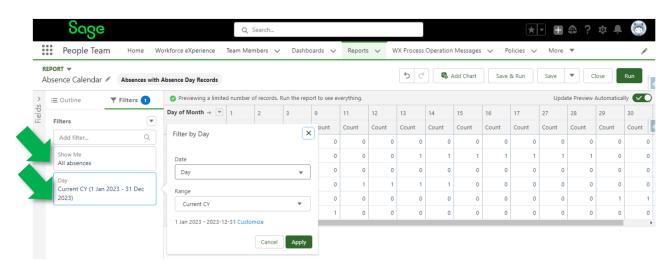


Viewing Org-Wide Absence

From time to time, you may need to know when your employees are on leave for example, to determine the best day to schedule a company event.

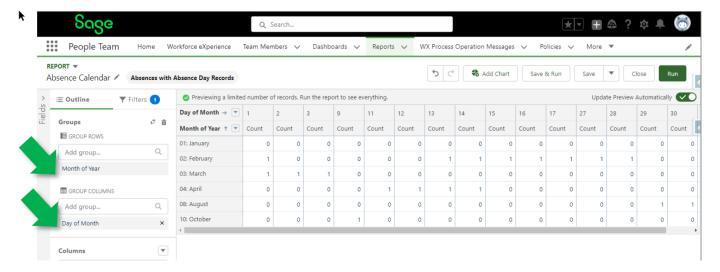
Note: To utilise this report, Absence Day records are required. For more information and instructions explaining how to enable Absence Day records, please refer to the Sage People Help Center guidance here.

- 1. Create a new report Report Type: Absences with Absence Day Records
- 2. Filter the report to:
 - a. Show Me: All Absences
 - b. Date: Day
 - c. Range: Current CY (Calendar Year) OR set this to the time frame you are looking at

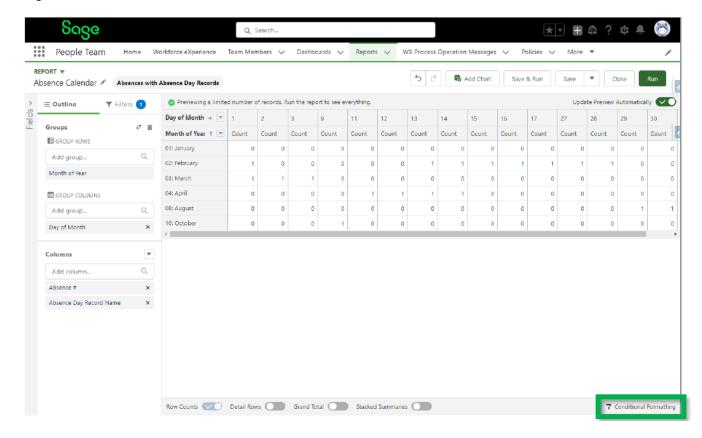


- 3. Group your data:
 - a. Group Rows by 'Month of Year'
 - b. Group Columns by 'Day of Month'





4. Add conditional formatting by clicking the 'Conditional Formatting' button at the bottom right hand side of the screen:

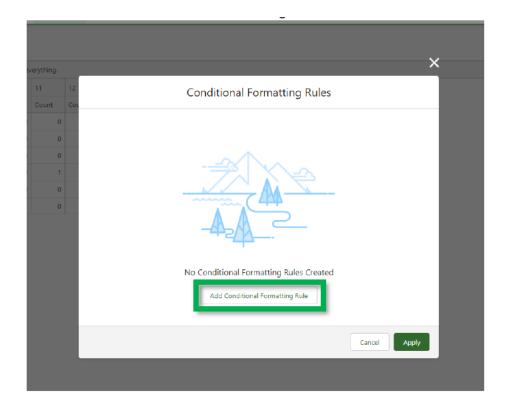


5. Select 'Add Conditional Formatting Rule':

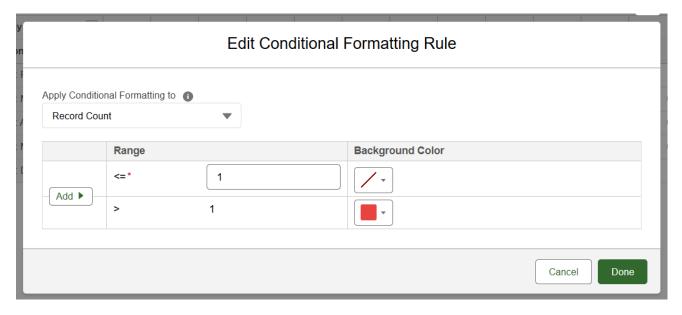


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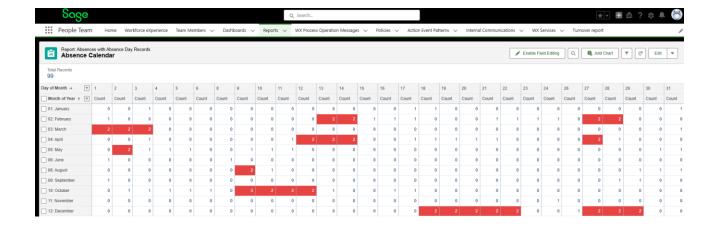


6. You can then set your conditional formatting based on the record count of the number of people off on the given timeframe:



7. Select 'Done' and then 'Apply' and then click 'Save and Run' to run the report that includes the conditional formatting.





Note: Keep an eye out for months with a shorter number of days i.e. 28/30 days and weekends.



Spotting Absence Trends (by Day of Week)

If you are looking for a visual representation to identify absence trends for a specific employee for example, an employee is frequently taking sick leave on Monday's, the following report may help.

The <u>Absence Day record</u> has a field called 'Weekday' which defines what day of the week the absence falls on with day 1 being a Sunday and day 7 being a Saturday.

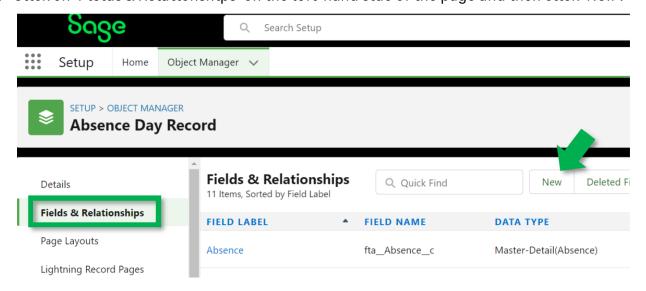
To make this look a bit more user friendly, you can add a formula field to convert this to text.

To do this, go to:

- 1. Setup
- 2. Object Manager
- 3. Search for the Absence Day Record Object and click the Absence Day Record Label link

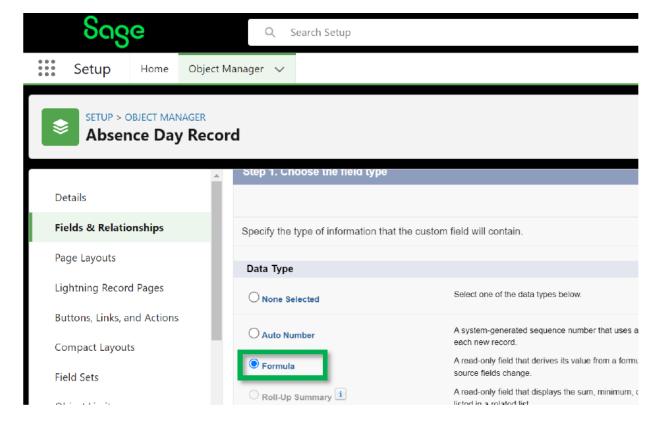


4. Click on 'Fields & Relationships' on the left-hand side of the page and then click 'New':

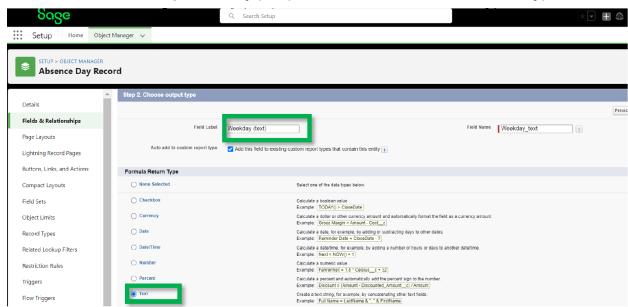


5. Select the Data Type as 'Formula' and click 'Next'.





6. Give the field a label e.g. 'Weekday (text)' and choose the Formula Return Type 'Text':

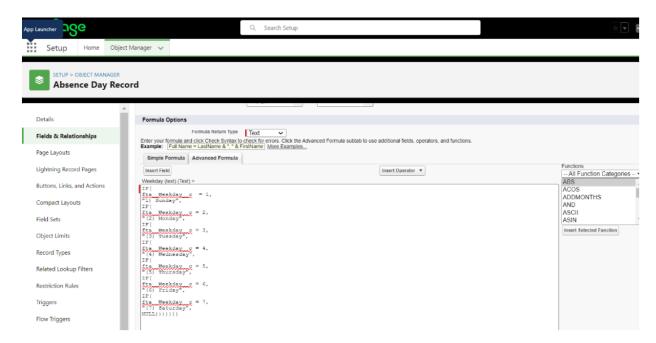


7. Paste in the following formula:

```
IF(
fta__Weekday__c = 1,
    "1) Sunday",
IF(
fta__Weekday__c = 2,
    "(2) Monday",
```



```
IF(
fta_{weekday_c} = 3,
"(3) Tuesday",
IF(
fta Weekday c = 4,
"(4) Wednesday",
IF(
fta_{weekday_c} = 5,
"(5) Thursday",
IF(
fta Weekday c = 6,
"(6) Friday",
IF(
fta_{weekday_c} = 7,
"(7) Saturday",
NULL)))))))
```

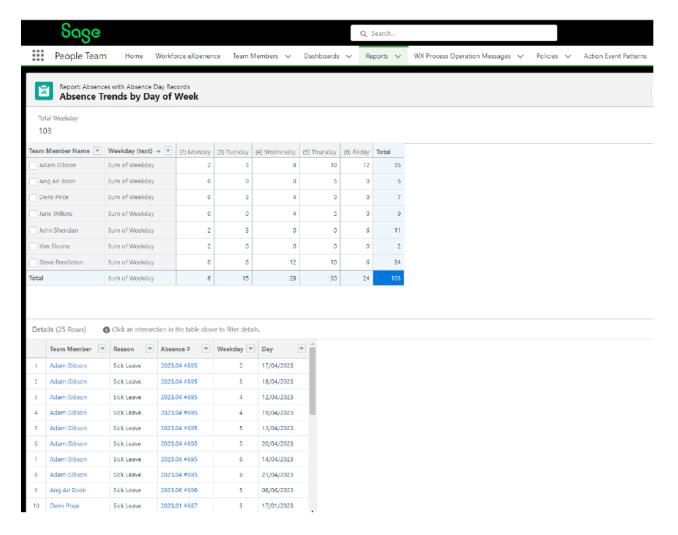


- 8. Click 'Next' on the next two screens and then click 'Save' on the final screen.
- 9. You can choose to group the data in the report as required. For example, you could:
 - a. group the rows by Team Member name
 - b. group the columns by your new 'Weekday (text)' field.

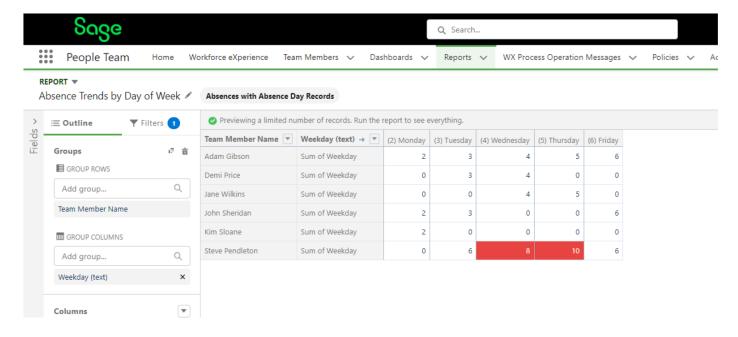
In the example below, the report summarises the total number of days each employee has taken on each day of the week.



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You could even use conditional formatting to highlight the field anomalies, for example, if you want to highlight where an employee has exceeded more than 6 days of absence on a set day (when in 'Edit' mode, the Conditional Formatting button can be selected at the bottom right-hand side of the screen):





Number of Sickness Days in a Month

This is an example of a sickness report for a specific month that also includes the start dates of employees on long-term sick leave that began before the requested month. For instance, if an HR team member runs a sickness report for September (that includes start and end dates, with a blank end date if still on sick leave), they would see records for employees whose sickness started and ended in September, as well as those still on sick leave in September but whose sickness began in June, etc.

Note: To utilise this report, Absence Day records are required. For more information and instructions explaining how to enable Absence Day records, please refer to the Sage People Help Center guidance here.

- 1. Create a new report. Report Type: Absences with Absence Day Records.
- 2. Filter the report to:
 - a. Show Me: All Absences
 - b. Action Date: All Time
 - c. Reason: Sick Leave (this may be 'Sickness' or something similar for your org)
 - d. Year: 2023 (this may change depending on what year you are looking to report on)
 - e. Month of Year: 10: October (you can set this to any month you like. For January, this would be '01: January', for February it would '02: February' and so on.
- 3. Group your data:
 - a. Group Rows by 'Team Member Name
 - b. Group Columns by 'Absence #'
- 4. Add columns:
 - a. Type
 - b. Reason
 - c. Start Date
 - d. End Date
 - e. #Days/Hours
 - f. Absence Day Record Name



- g. Day
- h. Month of Year
- i. # Duration

5. Toggles:

- a. Row Counts: On
- b. Detail Rows: On
- c. Subtotals: Off
- d. Grand Total: On

